Complete Summary

TITLE

Homeless: percent of veterans discharged from one of three types of homeless programs who receive timely mental health (MH) or substance use disorder (SUD) specialty follow-up.

SOURCE(S)

Office of Quality and Performance (10Q). FY 2005 VHA executive career field network director performance measurement system and JCAHO hospital core measures. Technical manual. Washington (DC): Veterans Health Administration (VHA); 2005 Mar 9. 244 p.

Measure Domain

PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Access

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the <u>Measure Validity</u> page.

SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Process

Brief Abstract

DESCRIPTION

This measure is used to assess the percent of veterans discharged from a specified homeless program who receive timely mental health (MH) or substance use disorder (SUD) specialty follow-up.

RATIONALE

The number of homeless male and female Vietnam era veterans is greater than the number of service persons who died during that war -- and a small number of Desert Storm veterans are also appearing in the homeless population. Although many homeless veterans served in combat in Vietnam and suffer from post traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), at this time, epidemiologic studies do not suggest that there is a causal connection between military service, service in

Vietnam, or exposure to combat and homelessness among veterans. Family background, access to support from family and friends, and various personal characteristics (rather than military service) seem to be the stronger indicators of risk of homelessness.

Almost all homeless veterans are male (about 3% are female), the vast majority are single, and most come from poor, disadvantaged backgrounds. Homeless veterans tend to be older and more educated than homeless non-veterans. But similar to the general population of homeless adult males, about 45% of homeless veterans suffer from mental illness and (with considerable overlap) slightly more than 70% suffer from alcohol or other drug abuse problems. Roughly 56% are African American or Hispanic.

Many of these Veterans are not currently enrolled in Veterans Administration (VA) or aware they are eligible for services. Resources have been provided by Congress to reach beyond currently enrolled veterans to identify homeless veterans and provide services to them. In FY 2003, VA provided services to approximately 100,000 homeless veterans, the majority through the auspices of its specialized homeless programs. VA specialized homeless services programs include the Health Care for Homeless Veterans program (HCHV) and its components (the Grant and Per Diem [GPD] program, the Supported Housing program, and the and the Housing and Urban Development - Veteran Affairs Supported Housing program [HUD-VASH]; the Domiciliary Care for Homeless Veterans program [DCHV]; and the Compensated Work Therapy / Transitional Residence program [CWT/TR]).

One of the major goals of the VA's homeless veterans treatment programs is to provide treatment and assistance to homeless veterans who have been living on the streets or in emergency shelters. A primary indicator that support services have been successful is that veterans achieve a stable residence (independent housing or within a treatment setting) following residential treatment. The Health Care for Homeless Veterans (HCHV) Program is a specially funded program that provides extensive outreach, physical and psychiatric health exams, treatment, referrals, ongoing case management and contractual residential care to homeless veterans with mental health problems including substance abuse. HCHV program staff outreach to large numbers of homeless veterans; a subgroup with substantial psychiatric or substance abuse problems is placed in residential treatment programs provided through, i) local contracts with community based providers, ii) the VA GPD program, or iii) the VA Domiciliary Care for Homeless Veterans (DCHV) program. This performance measure applies to those veterans who have been placed in residential care within these three programs.

PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Homeless; access to mental health (MH) and substance use disorder (SUD) specialty follow-up clinics

DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION

Number of homeless veterans who are discharged from a Contract Residential Care for Homeless Veterans, Grant and Per Diem (GPD) homeless program, or

Domiciliary Care for Homeless Veterans (DCHV) with a length of stay of at least seven days

NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION

Number of veterans from the denominator who receive timely* mental health (MH) or substance use disorder (SUD) specialty follow-up care after discharge

Evidence Supporting the Measure

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY

 A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence

Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure

NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Unspecified

State of Use of the Measure

STATE OF USE

Current routine use

CURRENT USE

External oversight/Veterans Health Administration Internal quality improvement

Application of Measure in its Current Use

CARE SETTING

Behavioral Health Care Residential Care Facilities Substance Use Treatment Programs/Centers

PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Physicians

Psychologists/Non-physician Behavioral Health Clinicians

LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

^{*}Timely is defined as within 60 days after index date.

Single Health Care Delivery Organizations

TARGET POPULATION AGE

Adult (veterans)

TARGET POPULATION GENDER

Either male or female

STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component

INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

See "Rationale" field.

ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Homeless

EVIDENCE FOR ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Office of Quality and Performance (10Q). FY 2005 VHA executive career field network director performance measurement system and JCAHO hospital core measures. Technical manual. Washington (DC): Veterans Health Administration (VHA); 2005 Mar 9. 244 p.

BURDEN OF ILLNESS

Unspecified

UTILIZATION

Unspecified

COSTS

Unspecified

Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories

IOM CARE NEED

Getting Better Living with Illness

IOM DOMAIN

Patient-centeredness Timeliness

Data Collection for the Measure

CASE FINDING

Users of care only

DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING

Homeless veterans who are discharged from a delineated homeless program.

DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME

Patients associated with provider

DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Number of homeless veterans who are discharged from a Contract Residential Care for Homeless Veterans, Grant and Per Diem (GPD) homeless program, or Domiciliary Care for Homeless Veterans (DCHV) with a length of stay of at least seven days

Exclusions

• Veterans already included in this performance measure in the previous six months at the same facility (Veterans Affairs Medical Center [VAMC]).

DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT

Institutionalization
Patient Characteristic

DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW

Time window is a single point in time

NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Number of veterans from the denominator who receive timely* mental health (MH) or substance use disorder (SUD) specialty follow-up care after discharge

Refer to the original measure documentation for additional details.

^{*}Timely is defined as within 60 days after index date.

Exclusions Unspecified

NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW

Fixed time period

DATA SOURCE

Administrative and medical records data

LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

Unspecified

Computation of the Measure

SCORING

Rate

INTERPRETATION OF SCORE

Better quality is associated with a higher score

ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS

Unspecified

STANDARD OF COMPARISON

Internal time comparison Prescriptive standard

PRESCRIPTIVE STANDARD

Fiscal Year (FY) 2005 targets for Homeless:

Meets Target: To be determinedExceeds Target: To be determined

EVIDENCE FOR PRESCRIPTIVE STANDARD

Office of Quality and Performance (10Q). FY 2005 VHA executive career field network director performance measurement system and JCAHO hospital core

measures. Technical manual. Washington (DC): Veterans Health Administration (VHA); 2005 Mar 9. 244 p.

Evaluation of Measure Properties

EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING

Unspecified

Identifying Information

ORIGINAL TITLE

Mental health: MH homeless program discharge follow-up MH/SUD specialty.

MEASURE COLLECTION

<u>Fiscal Year (FY) 2005: Veterans Health Administration (VHA) Performance Measurement System</u>

MEASURE SET NAME

Mental Health

MEASURE SUBSET NAME

Homeless

DEVELOPER

Veterans Health Administration

ADAPTATION

Measure was not adapted from another source.

RELEASE DATE

2004 Nov

REVISION DATE

2005 Mar

MEASURE STATUS

Please note: This measure has been updated. The National Quality Measures Clearinghouse is working to update this summary.

SOURCE(S)

Office of Quality and Performance (10Q). FY 2005 VHA executive career field network director performance measurement system and JCAHO hospital core measures. Technical manual. Washington (DC): Veterans Health Administration (VHA); 2005 Mar 9. 244 p.

MEASURE AVAILABILITY

The individual measure, "Mental Health: MH Homeless Program Discharge Followup MH/SUD Specialty," is published in "FY 2005 VHA Performance Measurement System: Technical Manual."

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NQMC STATUS

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